



Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

June 30, 2025

Interim Financial Statements

These interim financial statements for the six-month period ended June 30, 2025, were not reviewed by the Fund's auditor.

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Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Statements of Financial Position

As at June 30, 2025 (unaudited) and December 31, 2024	2025 (\$)	2024 (\$)
Assets		
Loans (net of provisions) (note 3)	1,023,980,084	1,071,179,773
Investments at fair value (note 3, 5)	141,084,278	140,370,598
Cash (note 10)	3,555,831	868,636
Subscriptions receivable	-	186,607
Interest receivable	51,715,368	28,105,791
Accrued income	1,246,238	1,565,728
Total assets	1,221,581,799	1,242,277,133
Liabilities		
Distribution payable to unitholders	2,144	-
Redemptions payable	-	5,307,774
Management fees payable (note 11)	1,627,354	26,425
Performance fees payable (note 11)	1,109,560	1,109,528
Unearned fees and other liabilities	4,632,170	3,674,938
Loan payable (note 7)	15,869,781	12,643,188
Accrued expenses	680,234	596,473
Other payables	1,811,881	-
Total liabilities	25,733,124	23,358,326
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	1,195,848,675	1,218,918,807
Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per class		
Class A	6,541,661	6,700,124
Class A1	99,746,641	102,686,696
Class D	3,309,536	3,392,560
Class E	52,371,369	52,947,180
Class F	45,831,640	46,675,556
Class F1	703,164,287	716,122,336
Class FD	13,828,272	14,208,392
Class FT	6,105,238	6,223,084
Class I	187,381,479	191,001,148
Class I1	77,473,045	78,863,826
Class T	95,507	97,905

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

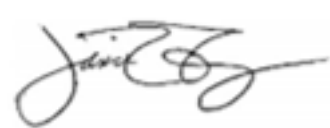
Statements of Financial Position (cont'd)

As at June 30, 2025 (unaudited) and December 31, 2024	2025 (\$)	2024 (\$)
Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per Class per unit (note 3)		
Class A	10.13	10.47
Class A1	10.16	10.51
Class D	10.16	10.50
Class E	10.13	10.49
Class F	10.17	10.52
Class F1	10.12	10.47
Class FD	10.22	10.57
Class FT	9.49	9.97
Class I	10.44	10.80
Class I1	9.97	10.32
Class T	8.98	9.50

On behalf of the Manager, Ninepoint Partners LP,
by its General Partner, Ninepoint Partners GP Inc.



John Wilson
DIRECTOR



James Fox
DIRECTOR

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)

	2025 (\$)	2024 (\$)
For the six-month periods ended June 30 (unaudited)		
Income		
Interest income for distribution purposes (<i>note 3</i>)	84,091,401	77,967,159
Net realized gains (losses) on sales of investments	188,225	75,206
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in the value of investments	(37,943,619)	19,357,759
Net realized gains (losses) on foreign exchange	(83,866)	(40,801)
Total income (loss)	46,252,141	97,359,323
Expenses (<i>note 11,12</i>)		
Provisions (Recovery) on loans and receivables	57,916,060	45,175,231
Management fees	9,897,332	9,764,471
Administrative fees	801,424	704,347
Interest expense and bank charges	412,635	219,741
Unitholder reporting fees	140,337	163,526
Audit fees	120,313	96,646
Legal fees	9,303	6,942
Filing fees	6,631	7,367
Independent Review Committee fees (<i>note 13</i>)	2,753	2,499
Trustee fees	2,675	2,692
Custodial fees	426	603
Performance fees	32	114,164
Total expenses	69,309,921	56,258,229
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units from operations	(23,057,780)	41,101,094
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units from operations per series		
Class A	(158,463)	197,181
Class A1	(2,491,661)	2,931,373
Class D	(83,024)	110,846
Class E	(575,810)	2,074,639
Class F	(843,915)	1,618,646
Class F1	(13,506,128)	24,268,692
Class FD	(268,085)	475,429
Class FT	(117,846)	211,947
Class I	(3,619,669)	6,443,089
Class I1	(1,390,781)	2,766,433
Class T	(2,398)	2,819
Weighted average number of redeemable units		
Class A	642,018	636,964
Class A1	9,774,007	9,678,789
Class D	324,082	359,442
Class E	5,097,001	4,919,793
Class F	4,465,410	4,381,359
Class F1	68,828,769	67,444,056
Class FD	1,351,935	1,314,287
Class FT	632,197	605,133
Class I	17,785,536	17,404,446
Class I1	7,694,002	7,524,071
Class T	10,440	10,008

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (cont'd)

	2025	2024
For the six-month periods ended June 30 (unaudited)	(\$)	(\$)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units from operations per series per unit <i>(note 3)</i>		
Class A	(0.25)	0.31
Class A1	(0.25)	0.30
Class D	(0.26)	0.31
Class E	(0.11)	0.42
Class F	(0.19)	0.37
Class F1	(0.20)	0.36
Class FD	(0.20)	0.36
Class FT	(0.19)	0.35
Class I	(0.20)	0.37
Class I1	(0.18)	0.37
Class T	(0.23)	0.28

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units

For the six-month periods ended June 30 (unaudited)	2025 (\$)	2024 (\$)
Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, beginning of period		
Class A	6,700,124	6,534,356
Class A1	102,686,696	99,533,383
Class D	3,392,560	3,955,911
Class E	52,947,180	50,235,244
Class F	46,675,556	45,017,995
Class F1	716,122,336	689,266,817
Class FD	14,208,392	13,518,686
Class FT	6,223,084	6,063,547
Class I	191,001,148	183,813,866
Class I1	78,863,826	76,216,416
Class T	97,905	96,551
	1,218,918,807	1,174,252,772
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units from operations		
Class A	(158,463)	197,181
Class A1	(2,491,661)	2,931,373
Class D	(83,024)	110,846
Class E	(575,810)	2,074,639
Class F	(843,915)	1,618,646
Class F1	(13,506,128)	24,268,692
Class FD	(268,085)	475,429
Class FT	(117,846)	211,947
Class I	(3,619,669)	6,443,089
Class I1	(1,390,781)	2,766,433
Class T	(2,398)	2,819
	(23,057,780)	41,101,094
Distributions to holders of redeemable units		
From net investment income		
Class A	(60,289)	(126,783)
Class A1	(844,807)	(1,858,051)
Class D	(27,685)	(67,365)
Class E	(1,228,086)	(1,532,766)
Class F	(722,048)	(1,133,282)
Class F1	(10,409,962)	(16,837,134)
Class FD	(206,164)	(331,114)
Class FT	(189,068)	(181,905)
Class I	(2,753,994)	(4,462,565)
Class I1	(1,260,880)	(1,946,476)
Class T	(2,975)	(2,899)
	(17,705,958)	(28,480,340)

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (cont'd)

For the six-month periods ended June 30 (unaudited)	2025 (\$)	2024 (\$)
Redeemable unit transactions (note 8)		
Proceeds from redeemable units issued*		
Class A	-	-
Class A1	149,325	549,546
Class D	-	-
Class E	-	-
Class F	-	627,255
Class F1	595,752	3,339,139
Class FD	-	268,232
Class FT	-	-
Class I	-	-
Class I1	-	-
Class T	-	-
Reinvestments of distributions to holders of redeemable units		
Class A	60,289	67,481
Class A1	842,841	1,372,606
Class D	27,685	32,419
Class E	1,228,085	873,883
Class F	722,047	691,202
Class F1	10,399,637	10,211,226
Class FD	206,106	158,542
Class FT	189,068	60,685
Class I	2,753,994	2,128,908
Class I1	1,260,880	909,369
Class T	2,975	968
Redemption of redeemable units**		
Class A	-	(15,728)
Class A1	(595,753)	(808,671)
Class D	-	(535,825)
Class E	-	(11,116)
Class F	-	(739,803)
Class F1	(37,348)	(4,863,532)
Class FD	(111,977)	(59,272)
Class FT	-	(10,212)
Class I	-	(283,931)
Class I1	-	(618,293)
Class T	-	-
	17,693,606	13,345,078
Net increase (decrease) in Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units		
Class A	(158,463)	122,151
Class A1	(2,940,055)	2,186,803
Class D	(83,024)	(459,925)
Class E	(575,811)	1,404,640
Class F	(843,916)	1,064,018
Class F1	(12,958,049)	16,118,391
Class FD	(380,120)	511,817
Class FT	(117,846)	80,515
Class I	(3,619,669)	3,825,501
Class I1	(1,390,781)	1,111,033
Class T	(2,398)	888
	(23,070,132)	25,965,832

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (cont'd)

	2025	2024
For the six-month periods ended June 30 (unaudited)	(\$)	(\$)
Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, end of period		
Class A	6,541,661	6,656,507
Class A1	99,746,641	101,720,186
Class D	3,309,536	3,495,986
Class E	52,371,369	51,639,884
Class F	45,831,640	46,082,013
Class F1	703,164,287	705,385,208
Class FD	13,828,272	14,030,503
Class FT	6,105,238	6,144,062
Class I	187,381,479	187,639,367
Class I1	77,473,045	77,327,449
Class T	95,507	97,439
	1,195,848,675	1,200,218,604

*During the period ended June 30, 2025, all proceeds from units issued represent switches in from other classes by unitholders still in the Fund.

**During the period ended June 30, 2025, all redemptions of redeemable units represent switches out to other classes by unitholders still in the Fund.

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (cont'd)

For the six-month periods ended June 30 (unaudited)	2025	2024
Units, beginning of period		
Class A	639,906	636,927
Class A1	9,773,562	9,664,935
Class D	323,130	384,391
Class E	5,048,554	4,903,703
Class F	4,437,725	4,373,600
Class F1	68,403,520	67,308,588
Class FD	1,344,149	1,307,484
Class FT	624,211	605,183
Class I	17,683,805	17,399,481
Class I1	7,644,510	7,546,590
Class T	10,308	10,000
	115,933,380	114,140,882
Redeemable unit transactions (note 8)		
Redeemable units issued*		
Class A	-	-
Class A1	14,552	52,965
Class D	-	-
Class E	-	-
Class F	-	60,239
Class F1	57,273	322,689
Class FD	-	25,547
Class FT	-	-
Class I	-	-
Class I1	-	-
Class T	-	-
Reinvestments of distributions to holders of redeemable units		
Class A	5,861	6,513
Class A1	81,684	132,038
Class D	2,685	3,119
Class E	118,945	84,475
Class F	69,759	66,511
Class F1	1,009,533	987,671
Class FD	19,815	15,181
Class FT	19,431	6,029
Class I	259,130	199,508
Class I1	124,189	89,143
Class T	322	100
Redemption of redeemable units**		
Class A	-	(1,520)
Class A1	(57,032)	(77,909)
Class D	-	(51,429)
Class E	-	(1,076)
Class F	-	(71,084)
Class F1	(3,564)	(470,352)
Class FD	(10,956)	(5,686)
Class FT	-	(1,015)
Class I	-	(26,657)
Class I1	-	(60,721)
Class T	-	-
	1,711,627	1,284,279

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (cont'd)

For the six-month periods ended June 30 (unaudited)	2025	2024
Units, end of period		
Class A	645,767	641,920
Class A1	9,812,766	9,772,029
Class D	325,815	336,081
Class E	5,167,499	4,987,102
Class F	4,507,484	4,429,266
Class F1	69,466,762	68,148,596
Class FD	1,353,008	1,342,526
Class FT	643,642	610,197
Class I	17,942,935	17,572,332
Class I1	7,768,699	7,575,012
Class T	10,630	10,100
	117,645,007	115,425,161

*During the period ended June 30, 2025, all proceeds from units issued represent switches in from other classes by unitholders still in the Fund.

**During the period ended June 30, 2025, all redemptions of redeemable units represent switches out to other classes by unitholders still in the Fund.

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Statements of Cash Flows

	2025 (\$)	2024 (\$)
For the six-month periods ended June 30 (unaudited)		
Cash flows from operating activities		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units from operations	(23,057,780)	41,101,094
Adjustments for:		
Foreign exchange (gains) losses on cash	15,231	(45,562)
Net realized (gains) losses on sales of investments	(188,225)	(75,206)
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation in the value of investments	37,943,619	(19,357,759)
Purchases of investments (including capitalized interest and fees)	(62,749,980)	(71,760,270)
Proceeds from sale of investments	-	27,716,591
Loan principal repayments received (including previously capitalized interest and fees)	13,564,534	26,808,042
Net increase (decrease) in loan payable	3,226,593	-
Net increase (decrease) in provisions on loan and receivables	57,916,060	45,175,231
Net increase (decrease) in other assets and liabilities	(18,836,252)	(18,958,222)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	7,833,800	30,603,939
Cash flows from financing activities		
Distributions paid to holders of redeemable units, net of reinvested distributions	(10,207)	(26,631,675)
Proceeds from redeemable units issued	186,607	3,503,371
Redemption of redeemable units	(5,307,774)	(25,495,301)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(5,131,374)	(48,623,605)
Foreign exchange gains (losses) on cash	(15,231)	45,562
Net increase (decrease) in cash	2,702,426	(18,019,666)
Cash (Bank indebtedness), beginning of period	868,636	7,146,978
Cash (Bank indebtedness), end of period	3,555,831	(10,827,126)
Supplemental Information*		
Interest received - cash**	16,569,068	8,180,770
Interest paid	412,635	219,741

*Information provided relates to the operating activities of the Fund

**The Fund also receives payment-in-kind interest.

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Schedule of Investment Portfolio

As at June 30, 2025 (unaudited)

Description	Loan Stage / Fair Value Level	Currency	Maturity Date	Par Value*/ Shares	Average Cost (\$)	Fair Value (\$)
ASSET-BASED LOANS [111.32%]						
SUSTAINABILITY [51.08%]						
AEFK, 5% - 21.25%	1	USD	Apr 1, 2026	103,263,883	141,995,964	140,619,593
EBTI, 15%	2		On Demand	25,218,879	25,218,879	25,218,879
PRTX(3), 12%	2		On Demand	67,248,103	67,246,289	67,248,103
TRIL(2), 12%	2	USD	On Demand	277,297,356	382,087,589	377,609,673
					616,548,721	610,696,248
ENERGY – INTEGRATED [33.56%]						
CFFC(5), 10% - 12%	1		On Demand	44,960,758	44,960,758	44,960,758
CFFC(7), 12%	1		On Demand	326,390,031	326,390,031	326,390,031
CFFC(8), 10%	1		On Demand	8,930,547	8,930,547	8,930,547
ERIK, 12%	3		On Demand	20,988,568	20,993,665	20,988,568
					401,275,001	401,269,904
TECHNOLOGY – CASUAL GAMING [15.32%]						
GOGI, 12%	3	USD	On Demand	134,555,412	185,452,141	183,230,832
					185,452,141	183,230,832
ENERGY – SERVICES [4.29%]						
TARA, 8%	2		On Demand	51,281,983	51,281,983	51,281,983
					51,281,983	51,281,983
FOOD SERVICES [3.60%]						
KSCI(4), 8% - 10%	2		Jul 14, 2025	43,039,308	43,039,308	43,039,308
					43,039,308	43,039,308
METALS AND MINING [1.40%]						
DIAN, 12%	3		On Demand	16,792,321	16,792,321	16,792,321
					16,792,321	16,792,321
TRANSPORTATION – STORAGE [1.39%]						
FRIG(3), 11.45% - 13.45%	3		On Demand	16,682,536	16,682,536	16,682,536
					16,682,536	16,682,536
TECHNOLOGY – MEDIA [0.68%]						
BBTV, 10%	1		Jan 9, 2027	8,120,000	8,120,000	8,120,000
					8,120,000	8,120,000
Total asset-based loans					1,339,192,011	1,331,113,132
Provisions on loans and receivables [-25.68%]					-	(307,133,048)
Loans (net of provisions) [85.64%]					1,339,192,011	1,023,980,084
PREFERRED EQUITIES [9.48%]						
ENERGY – INTEGRATED [8.14%]						
CFFC**	3			38,386	76,605,347	97,378,756
					76,605,347	97,378,756
SUSTAINABILITY [1.34%]						
TRIL(AA)**	3	USD		665,277	-	16,012,001
					-	16,012,001
Total preferred equities					76,605,347	113,390,757
WARRANTS [1.80%]						
SUSTAINABILITY [1.48%]						
PRTX(3)**	3			1	8,482,588	15,248,386
EBTI	3			1	-	2,481,496
					8,482,588	17,729,882
ENERGY – SERVICES [0.28%]						
TARA**	3			1	-	3,391,688
					-	3,391,688

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Schedule of Investment Portfolio (cont'd)

As at June 30, 2025 (unaudited)

Description	Loan Stage / Fair Value Level	Currency	Maturity Date	Par Value*/ Shares	Average Cost (\$)	Fair Value (\$)
WARRANTS [1.80%] (cont'd)						
TECHNOLOGY – MEDIA [0.04%]						
BBTV	3			1	-	440,584
					-	440,584
FOOD SERVICES [0.00%]						
KSCI(4)**	3			300,364	-	-
					-	-
TRANSPORTATION – STORAGE [0.00%]						
FRIG(3)**	3			1	-	-
					-	-
Total warrants					8,482,588	21,562,154
LOANS [0.43%]						
ERIK(4)**	2			13,847,356	7,754,519	5,123,522
Total loans at fair value					7,754,519	5,123,522
EQUITIES [0.08%]						
SUSTAINABILITY [0.08%]						
AEFK	1	USD		298,432	697,134	1,007,845
PRTX(3)**	3			595,436	-	-
TRIL(B)**	3	USD		19,958,313	-	-
					697,134	1,007,845
ENERGY – INTEGRATED [0.00%]						
CFFC**	3			38,386	-	-
ERIK**	3			64	-	-
					-	-
ENERGY – SERVICES [0.00%]						
TARA**	3			388	-	-
					-	-
METALS AND MINING [0.00%]						
DIAN**	3			68	-	-
					-	-
TRANSPORTATION – STORAGE [0.00%]						
FRIG(3)**	3			179	-	-
					-	-
TECHNOLOGY – CASUAL GAMING [0.00%]						
GOGI**	3			61	-	-
					-	-
Total equities					697,134	1,007,845
Investments at fair value [11.79%]					93,539,588	141,084,278
Total investments [97.27%]					1,432,731,599	1,165,064,362
Cash and other assets less liabilities [2.57%]						30,784,313
Total Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units [100.00%]						1,195,848,675

*All par values are in Canadian Dollars unless otherwise noted

** Private company

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Fund Specific Notes

June 30, 2025 (unaudited)

Financial Risk Management (note 6)

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to achieve superior risk-adjusted returns with minimal volatility and low correlation to most traditional asset classes, primarily by investing in a portfolio comprised of asset-based loans ("ABLs") of companies based primarily in Canada and/or the United States.

The Schedule of Investment Portfolio represents the securities held by the Fund as at June 30, 2025. Significant risks that are relevant to the Fund are discussed here. General information on risk management is described in *Note 6: Financial Risk Management* of the Generic Notes.

Market Risk

a) Other Price Risk

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, if the equity, preferred equity and warrant securities were to fluctuate by 10%, with all other variables held constant, Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units would increase or decrease by the amounts shown in the table below.

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Impact (\$)	13,596,076	13,663,181
As a % of Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units (%)	1.14	1.12

b) Currency Risk

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Fund's direct exposure to currency risk and potential impact to the Fund's Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units as a result of a 1% change in these currencies relative to the Canadian dollar, with all other variables held constant, are shown in the tables below.

June 30, 2025

Currency	Fair Value (\$)	Forward Currency Contracts (\$)	Net Exposure (\$)	% of Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units (%)	Impact on Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units (\$)
U.S. Dollar	640,751,235	-	640,751,235	53.58	6,407,512

December 31, 2024

Currency	Fair Value (\$)	Forward Currency Contracts (\$)	Net Exposure (\$)	% of Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units (%)	Impact on Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units (\$)
U.S. Dollar	671,232,152	-	671,232,152	55.07	6,712,322

c) Interest Rate Risk

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Fund's investments consist primarily of ABLs, which it intends to hold until maturity, as well as loans at fair value. As a result, any changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates will not impact the value of these investments to the Fund.

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Fund Specific Notes (cont'd)

June 30, 2025 (unaudited)

Credit Risk

The Fund generally makes ABLs to borrowers that may have difficulty obtaining financing from other sources. These borrowers may have difficulty meeting their ongoing obligations to service their debt obligations or in repaying their loans to the Fund upon maturity. Although the Fund will seek to be the senior, secured lender to a borrower, some of the Fund's loans may be subordinated to other senior lenders, and in those cases, the Fund's interests in any collateral would likely be subordinated to the senior lenders' security interest. As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, all of the Fund's ABL investments were senior secured over the assets and/or shares of the borrowers.

The maximum credit risk resulting from ABLs and loans at fair value is limited to the carrying value of these investments. The Manager moderates this risk through various means. Prior to committing an investment in an ABL or loan at fair value, thorough due diligence is executed by the sub-advisor. The sub-advisor also maintains continuous monitoring of the credit quality of the borrowers. For ABLs, each investment is over-collateralized at inception and the sub-advisor seeks to obtain a margin of safety sufficient to recover 100% of the investment in the event of liquidation. For ABLs, the sub-advisor also adjusts the level of over collateralization accordingly.

Concentration Risk

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Fund's concentration risk as a percentage of Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units is shown in the table below.

	June 30, 2025 (%)	December 31, 2024 (%)
ABLs:		
Sustainability	51.08	51.67
Energy – Integrated	33.56	31.35
Technology – Casual Gaming	15.32	14.96
Energy Services	4.29	4.04
Food Services	3.60	2.98
Metals and Mining	1.40	1.30
Transportation – Storage	1.39	1.37
Technology – Media	0.68	0.66
Preferred Equities:		
Energy – Integrated	8.14	7.99
Sustainability	1.34	1.39
Warrants	1.80	1.74
Loans at fair value	0.43	0.31
Equities	0.08	0.09
Provisions on loans and receivables	(25.68)	(20.45)
Cash and other assets less liabilities	2.57	0.60
Total Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	100.00	100.00

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Fund Specific Notes (cont'd)

June 30, 2025 (unaudited)

Liquidity

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the liquidity of the Fund's assets and liabilities indicate the time period to receive the asset or pay the liability as shown in the tables below.

	On Demand (\$)	Less than 3 months (\$)	Over 3 months (\$)
June 30, 2025			
Assets:			
Loans & Investments	852,269,807	22,970,684	289,823,871
Cash	3,555,831	—	—
Interest receivable	—	—	51,715,368
Accrued income	—	1,246,238	—
Total assets	855,825,638	24,216,922	341,539,239
Liabilities:			
Distribution payable to unitholders	—	2,144	—
Management fees payable	—	1,627,354	—
Performance fees payable	—	1,109,560	—
Loan payable	—	—	15,869,781
Unearned Fees and other liabilities	—	4,632,170	—
Accrued expenses	—	680,234	—
Other payables	—	1,811,881	—
Total liabilities	—	9,863,343	15,869,781
	On Demand (\$)	Less than 3 months (\$)	Over 3 months (\$)
December 31, 2024			
Assets:			
Loans & Investments	1,092,915,927	—	118,634,444
Cash	868,636	—	—
Subscription receivable	—	186,607	—
Interest receivable	—	—	28,105,791
Accrued income	—	1,565,728	—
Total assets	1,093,784,563	1,752,335	146,740,235
Liabilities:			
Redemption payable	—	5,307,774	—
Management fees payable	—	26,425	—
Performance fees payable	—	1,109,528	—
Loan payable	—	—	12,643,188
Unearned Fees and other liabilities	3,204,826	330,121	139,991
Accrued expenses	—	596,473	—
Total liabilities	3,204,826	7,370,321	12,783,179

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Fund Specific Notes (cont'd)

June 30, 2025 (unaudited)

Credit Losses Allowances (note 3)

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the ABLs are measured at amortized cost and the gross investments are categorized by the three stage approach to loan impairment as shown in the tables below.

June 30, 2025

	Stage 1 (\$)	Stage 2 (\$)	Stage 3 (\$)	Total (\$)
ABLs	529,020,929	747,628,778	54,463,425	1,331,113,132

December 31, 2024

	Stage 1 (\$)	Stage 2 (\$)	Stage 3 (\$)	Total (\$)
ABLs	512,645,472	772,794,793	34,956,496	1,320,396,761

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the allowances for credit losses on loans as categorized by the three stage approach to loan impairment are shown in the tables below.

June 30, 2025

	Stage 1 (\$)	Stage 2 (\$)	Stage 3 (\$)	Total (\$)
ABLs	117,500,239	143,011,891	46,620,918	307,133,048

December 31, 2024

	Stage 1 (\$)	Stage 2 (\$)	Stage 3 (\$)	Total (\$)
ABLs	98,565,572	114,957,091	35,694,325	249,216,988

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the change in allowances for credit losses in ABLs as categorized by the three stage approach to loan impairment are shown in the tables below.

June 30, 2025

	Stage 1 (\$)	Stage 2 (\$)	Stage 3 (\$)	Total (\$)
Balance, beginning of period	98,565,572	114,957,091	35,694,325	249,216,988
Allowances for Credit Losses	18,934,667	34,436,781	4,544,612	57,916,060
Transfers in (out)	-	(6,381,981)	6,381,981	-
Balance, end of period	117,500,239	143,011,891	46,620,918	307,133,048

December 31, 2024

	Stage 1 (\$)	Stage 2 (\$)	Stage 3 (\$)	Total (\$)
Balance, beginning of year	68,437,465	43,207,682	12,633,896	124,279,043
Allowances for Credit Losses	34,423,327	70,185,095	20,329,523	124,937,945
Transfers in (out)	(4,295,220)	1,564,314	2,730,906	-
Balance, end of year	98,565,572	114,957,091	35,694,325	249,216,988

During the period ended June 30, 2025, there were net transfers out of Stage 2 of \$6,381,981 into Stage 3, all of which related to FRIG. During the year ended December 31, 2024, there were net transfers out of Stage 1 of \$4,295,220, of which \$1,564,314 of TARA and EBTI were transferred into Stage 2 and \$2,730,906 of ERIK was transferred into Stage 3.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Fund Specific Notes (cont'd)

June 30, 2025 (unaudited)

Fair Value Measurements (note 5)

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Fund's financial assets and liabilities, which are measured at fair value, have been categorized based upon the fair value hierarchy as shown in the tables below.

June 30, 2025

	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)	Total (\$)
Equities	1,007,845	-	-	1,007,845
Preferred Equities	-	-	113,390,757	113,390,757
Warrants	-	-	21,562,154	21,562,154
Loans at fair value	-	5,123,522	-	5,123,522
Total	1,007,845	5,123,522	134,952,911	141,084,278

December 31, 2024

	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)	Total (\$)
Equities	1,153,960	-	-	1,153,960
Preferred Equities	-	-	114,280,868	114,280,868
Warrants	-	-	21,196,984	21,196,984
Loans at fair value	-	3,738,786	-	3,738,786
Total	1,153,960	3,738,786	135,477,852	140,370,598

During the period ended June 30, 2025 and year ended December 31, 2024, there were no significant transfers between levels.

During the period ended June 30, 2025 and year ended December 31, 2024, the reconciliation of investments measured at fair value using unobservable inputs (Level 3) are shown in the table below.

June 30, 2025

	Equities (\$)	Preferred Equities (\$)	Warrants (\$)
Balance, beginning of period	-	114,280,868	21,196,984
Purchases	-	-	-
Sales and paydowns	-	-	-
Net realized gain (loss) on sale/transfer of investments	-	-	-
Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in the value of investments	-	(890,111)	365,170
Balance, end of period	-	113,390,757	21,562,154
Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) during the period for investments held at end of period	-	(890,111)	365,170

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Fund Specific Notes (cont'd)

June 30, 2025 (unaudited)

December 31, 2024

	Equities (\$)	Preferred Equities (\$)	Warrants (\$)
Balance, beginning of year	-	112,959,223	18,144,253
Purchases	-	-	-
Sales and paydowns	-	-	-
Net realized gains (losses) on sale/transfer of investments	-	-	-
Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in the value of investments	-	1,321,645	3,052,731
Balance, end of year	-	114,280,868	21,196,984
Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) during the year for investments held at end of year	-	1,321,645	3,052,731

The Fund's Level 3 securities consist of private equity, private preferred equity and private warrant positions. The Manager determines their fair value by utilizing a variety of valuation techniques such as the use of comparable recent transactions, discounted cash flows and other techniques used by market participants. As at period ended June 30, 2025 and year ended December 31, 2024, these positions were significant to the Fund and the significant unobservable input used in these valuation techniques can vary considerably over time depending on company specific factors and economic or market conditions. The potential impact of applying reasonable possible alternative assumptions for valuing material Level 3 financial assets or liabilities is shown in the tables below.

June 30, 2025

Description	Fair Value (\$)	Unobservable Inputs	Reasonable possible shift +/- (absolute value) (%)	Change in Valuation +/- (\$)
Preferred Equities	113,390,757	Comparable multiples	5	6,189,602 /
		Discount rate	1	(6,189,602)
Warrants	18,640,074	FMV on appraised value of assets	20	1,969,284 /
		Discount rate	1	(1,968,845)
Warrants	2,922,080	Comparable multiples	5	371,076 / (371,076)

December 31, 2024

Description	Fair Value (\$)	Unobservable Inputs	Reasonable possible shift +/- (absolute value) (%)	Change in Valuation +/- (\$)
Preferred Equities	114,280,868	Comparable multiples	5	2,267,520 /
		Discount rate	1	(2,267,520)
Warrants	18,144,253	FMV on appraised value of assets	20	1,818,046 /
		Discount rate	1	(1,816,708)
Warrants	3,052,731	Comparable multiples	5	351,815 / (351,815)

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Fund Specific Notes (cont'd)

June 30, 2025 (unaudited)

Loan Payable (note 7)

As at June 30, 2025, the loan payable was \$15,869,781 (December 31, 2024 - \$12,643,188). The minimum and maximum amounts borrowed for the period ended June 30, 2025 and year ended December 31, 2024 are shown in the table below.

	June 30, 2025		December 31, 2024	
	Fair Value (\$)	% of Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	Fair Value (\$)	% of Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units
Maximum borrowed	15,869,781	1.33	15,397,613	1.26
Minimum borrowed	4,750,754	0.40	—	—

Management Fees (note 11)

The Fund pays the Manager a monthly management fee, calculated and paid monthly, equal to $\frac{1}{12}$ of 2.45% of the Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units of Class A1, Class D and Class T, $\frac{1}{12}$ of 1.45% the Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units of Class F1, Class FD and Class FT, $\frac{1}{12}$ of 2.30% of the Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units of Class A, $\frac{1}{12}$ of 1.30% of the Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units of Class F, and $\frac{1}{12}$ of 1.25% of the Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units of Class I1, plus any applicable taxes. The management fee for Class I units is negotiated by the unitholders and is payable by the Fund. There are no management fee payable by the Fund to the Manager for Class E.

Tax Loss Carryforwards (note 3)

For the taxation year ended December 31, 2024, the Fund had no capital and non-capital losses available for tax purposes.

Interest Receivable and Interest Income (note 3)

ABLs that pay regular interest in cash are BBTV, CFFC(5), CFFC(8), EBTI and OZZE(3). ABLs where the borrower has the option (negotiated up-front) of paying interest in cash or by payment-in-kind ("PIK") are CFFC(7), FRIG(3), the delayed draw facility of GOG, and the term component of TARA. ABLs that were negotiated up-front as PIK are TRIL(2) and the term component of GOG. ABLs where interest is typically capitalized and paid through periodic cash sweeps are AEFK, PRTX(3) and KSCI(4). Certain principal collected through the year includes capitalized and PIK interest.

Third Eye Capital Corporation ("TECC"), as agent for the syndicate of lenders which include the Fund, has Deposit Account Control Agreements (or similar blocked account agreements) with certain borrowers that permits TECC, as agent on behalf of the lenders, to control the cash of borrowers in the event of default.

Related Party Holdings

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, Ninepoint Financial Group Inc., the parent company of the Manager, and its respective subsidiaries, held the following investments in the Fund shown in the tables below.

June 30, 2025

Series	Units	Fair Value of Units (\$)
Class E	720,735	7,301,046

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Fund Specific Notes (cont'd)

June 30, 2025 (unaudited)

December 31, 2024

Series	Units	Fair Value of Units (\$)
Class A1	154	1,619
Class E	704,146	7,386,492

ABL Commitments

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Fund had the following outstanding commitments to make loan advances to portfolio companies as shown in the table below.

	June 30, 2025 (\$)	December 31, 2024 (\$)
ABL		
CFFC(5)	5,933,552	3,362,346
ERIK	—	214,357
KSCI(4)	—	902,284

All outstanding commitments are subject to the portfolio companies satisfying certain terms and conditions under their respective loan agreements. The Fund has the right to assign, transfer, syndicate, or otherwise sell these commitments in accordance with the terms of the relevant loan agreements.

ABL Reassignments

During the periods ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, there were no ABL reassignments between the Fund and other funds managed, advised or operated by the Fund's subadvisor.

ABL Renegotiations

During the periods ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, there were no material modifications requiring derecognition.

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Generic Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2025 (unaudited)

1. FORMATION OF THE FUNDS

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund and Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II (the "Funds" and each a "Fund") were formed under the laws of the Province of Ontario pursuant to a Trust Agreement. Ninepoint Partners LP (the "Manager") is the manager of the Funds. The Manager has retained Third Eye Capital Management Inc. ("TEC") as the sub-advisor. The address of the Funds' registered office is 200 Bay Street, Suite 2700, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2J1.

The date of inception and class structure of each of the Funds are as follows:

Name of the Fund	Declaration of Trust Agreement Date	Class Information
Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund	June 1, 2016	A continuous offering of Class A units, Class A1 units, Class D units, Class E units, Class F units, Class F1 units, Class FD units, Class FT units, Class I units, Class I1 units and Class T units.
Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II	October 1, 2022	A continuous offering of Class A units, Class A1 units, Class D units, Class E units, Class F units, Class F1 units, Class FD units, Class FT units, Class I units, Class I1 units and Class T units.

The differences among the classes of units are the different eligibility criteria, fee structures and administrative expenses associated with each class.

The Statements of Financial Position of each of the Funds are as at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024. The Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss), Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units and Statements of Cash Flows for each Fund are for the periods ended June 30, 2025 and 2024. The Schedule of Investment Portfolio for each Fund is as at June 30, 2025.

These financial statements were approved for issuance by the Manager on August 28, 2025.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as published by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and include estimates and assumptions made by the Manager that may affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and the reported amounts of changes in Net Assets during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

These interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements including IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting* ("IAS 34").

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis using the historical cost convention. However, the Fund is an investment entity and primarily all financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value in accordance with IFRS.

The financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention. The financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is each Fund's functional currency.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The following is a summary of material accounting policy information followed by the Funds:

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Generic Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd)

June 30, 2025 (unaudited)

Classification and Measurement of Investments

The Funds classify and measure financial instruments in accordance with IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* ("IFRS 9"). Based on the Funds' business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of these assets, it requires financial assets to be classified as amortized cost, fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), or fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"). The contractual cash flow assessment examines the contractual features of the assets to determine if they give rise to cash flows that are consistent with a basic lending arrangement. Contractual cash flows are consistent with a basic lending arrangement if they comprise solely payment of interest and principal outstanding ("SPPI"). For the purpose of the SPPI interest, interest represents payment on account of the time value of money, the credit risk associated with a particular instrument, other basic lending risk and costs and profit margin.

Debt instruments are measured at amortized cost if they are held within a business model which aims to hold them for a collection of contractual cash flows that meet the SPPI test.

The Funds' investments, investments sold short and derivative assets and liabilities are measured at FVTPL, other than loans held by the Funds, and receivables which are classified and measured at amortized cost.

The Funds' accounting policies for measuring the fair value of its investments and derivatives are identical to those used in measuring its Net Asset Value ("NAV") for transactions with unitholders. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Financial assets and liabilities are recorded in the Statements of Financial Position at fair value upon initial recognition. All transaction costs such as brokerage commissions incurred in the purchase and sale of such securities are recognized directly in the Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss). Subsequent to initial measurement, financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL are recorded at fair value which, as at the financial reporting period end, is determined as follows:

1. Securities listed upon a recognized public stock exchange are valued at the closing price recorded by the exchange on which the security is principally traded, where the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the closing price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances.
2. Common shares of unlisted companies and warrants that are not traded on an exchange are valued using valuation techniques established by the Manager. Restricted securities are valued in a manner that the Manager determines represents fair value.
3. Short-term notes and treasury bills are valued at their cost. The cost, together with accrued interest, approximates fair value using closing prices.
4. Bonds, debentures and other debt obligations are valued at the mean of bid/ask prices provided by recognized fixed income vendors. Listed convertible debentures are priced using the last traded or closing sale price from a primary publicly recognized exchange however, if the last traded or closing sale price is not available, the mean of the bid price and ask price (evaluated mean) provided by fixed income vendors is used. Unlisted bonds, debentures and convertible debentures are valued using valuation techniques established by the Manager.
5. Fund units held as investments are fair valued using their respective NAV per unit on the relevant valuation dates, as these values are most readily and regularly available.

Asset Based Loans ("ABLs") are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less impairment. IFRS 9 requires that an entity recognize a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets which are measured at amortized cost or FVOCI. Financial assets held by the Fund, which are measured at FVTPL, are not subject to impairment requirements. Expected credit losses are a probability-weighted estimate of future credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of the difference between the cash flows due to the Fund in accordance with the contract and the cash flows the Fund expects to receive. At each reporting date, management assesses the probability of default and the loss given default using economic and market trends, quoted credit ratings of the borrower, market value of the asset, and appraisals, if any, of the security underlying the loan. IFRS 9 establishes a three-stage approach for loan impairment tied to whether the underlying credit risk of the borrower has deteriorated since inception. At initial recognition of the loan, the loan is in Stage 1, and the lender recognizes a loss provision equal to the credit loss that is expected to result from default events possible within 12 months. If, at the reporting date, there has been no significant increase in credit risk, the loan continues to be classified in Stage 1. If there has been a significant increase in credit risk the loan is classified in Stage 2 and the lender recognizes a loss provision equal to the credit loss that is expected to result from default events possible within the lifetime of the loan. If there is objective evidence as at a reporting date of credit impairment, then the loan is classified in Stage 3. A loss provision will be recognized equal to the credit loss that is expected to result from default events possible within the lifetime of the loan and the interest is recognized based on the impaired loan amount. Expected credit losses are recognized in profit and loss and reflected in a provision account against the loan investment. When a subsequent event causes the amount of an impairment loss to decrease, the decrease in impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. The loans are assessed monthly to identify if there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. The determination is based on macroeconomic outlook, borrower specific qualitative and quantitative factors, the delinquency and monitoring of the investments and management's judgment.

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Generic Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd)

June 30, 2025 (unaudited)

The difference between the fair value of investments and the cost of investments represents the unrealized appreciation or depreciation in the value of investments. The cost of investments for each security is determined on an average cost basis.

All other financial assets and financial liabilities are classified at amortized cost. They are recognized at fair value upon initial recognition and subsequently measured at amortized cost. The Funds' obligation for Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units is presented at the redemption amount.

Transaction Costs

Transaction costs are expensed and are included in "Transaction costs" in the Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss). Transaction costs are incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, issue or disposal of an investment, which include fees and commissions paid to agents, advisors, brokers and dealers, levies by regulatory agencies and securities exchanges, and transfer taxes and duties.

Investment Transactions and Income Recognition

Investment transactions are accounted for on the business day following the date the order to buy or sell is executed, with the exception of short-term investments, which are accounted for on the date the order to buy or sell is executed. Realized gains and losses arising from the sale of investments and unrealized appreciation and depreciation on investments are calculated with reference to the average cost of the related investments. Investments in ABLs are recorded on the closing date of the respective transaction.

Interest income for distribution purposes shown in the Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) represents the coupon interest recognized on an accrual basis and any interest on cash balances. It also includes payment-in-kind ("PIK") interest on certain ABLs. Any default interest on ABLs is only recognized upon collection or when collection is reasonably assured.

Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date, presented gross of any non-recoverable withholding taxes and distributions from underlying funds are recognized on the distribution date are shown separately on the Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss).

Commitment, closing, monitoring, placement and standby fees are amortized and recognized evenly over the investment term of the loan. Waiver and amendment fees are recognized in the period in which the waiver or amendment was granted. All other portfolio fees, such as advisory fees and monitoring fees, are recognized when earned.

Short Selling

The Funds may make short sales whereby a security that they do not own is sold short in anticipation of a decline in the market value of that security. To enter a short sale, the Funds may need to borrow the security for delivery to the buyer. The cost of entering into short positions is recorded in the Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) under "Securities borrowing fees". The short positions are secured by the assets owned by the Funds. The Funds can realize a gain on short sale, if the price of the security decreases from the date the security was sold short until the date at which the Funds close out their short position, by buying that security at a lower price. A loss will be incurred if the price of the security increases. While the transaction is open, the Funds will also incur a liability for any accrued dividends or interest, which is paid to the lender of the security.

Foreign Currency Translation

The fair value of foreign currency denominated investments are translated into Canadian using the prevailing rate of exchange on each valuation date. Income, expenses and investment transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions.

The Funds do not separately report the effect of changes in foreign exchange rates from changes in market prices on securities held. Such changes are included in "Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in the value of investments" in the Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss). Realized foreign exchange gains or losses from sales of investments and cash in foreign currencies are included in "Net realized gains (losses) on foreign exchange" in the Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss). Any difference between the recorded amounts of dividends, interest and foreign withholding taxes and the Canadian dollar equivalent of the amounts actually received is reported as part of the investment income in the Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss).

Cash

Cash is comprised of cash on deposit with financial institutions.

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Generic Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd)

June 30, 2025 (unaudited)

Calculation Of Net Assets Attributable To Holders of Redeemable Units Per Class Per Unit

The Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit of a class of the Funds are based on the fair value of the proportionate share of the assets and liabilities of the Fund common to all classes, less any liabilities of the Fund attributable only to that class, divided by the total outstanding units of that class. Income, non-class specific expenses, realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments and transaction costs are allocated to each class of the Fund based on the pro-rata share of Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units of that Fund. Expenses directly attributable to a class are charged directly to that class.

Forward Currency Contracts

The fair value of a forward currency contract is the gain or loss that would be realized if, on the date that the valuation is made, the position was closed out. It is reflected in the Statements of Financial Position as part of "Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on forward currency contracts" and the change in value over the period is reflected in the Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) as part of "Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on forward currency contracts". When the forward currency contracts are closed out, gains and losses are realized and are included in "Net realized gains (losses) on forward currency contracts" in the Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss).

Option Contracts

When the Funds purchase options, the premiums paid for purchasing options are included as an asset and are subsequently adjusted each valuation day to the fair value of the option contract. Premiums received from writing options are included as a liability and are subsequently adjusted each valuation day to the fair value of the option contract. These amounts are reflected in the Statements of Financial Position as part of "Options purchased" or "Options written". Option contracts are valued each valuation day according to the gain or loss that would be realized if the contracts were closed out on that day. All unrealized gains (losses) arising from option contracts are recorded as "Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on option contracts" in the Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss), until the contracts are closed out or expire, at which time the gains (losses) are realized and reflected in the Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) as "Net realized gains (losses) on option contracts".

Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units From Operations Per Unit

"Increase (decrease) in net assets from operations per unit" in the Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) represents the increase (decrease) in Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units from operations per class, divided by the weighted average number of units outstanding in that class during the period, which is presented in the Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss).

Income Taxes

The Funds are not taxed on that portion of income and net realized capital gains that is paid or payable to unitholders. No provision for income taxes has been recorded in the Funds as sufficient income and net realized capital gains are paid to unitholders. Non-capital losses may be carried forward for up to 20 years, and can be offset against future taxable income. Capital losses may be carried forward indefinitely to be applied against future capital gains.

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II qualifies as a "mutual fund trust" under the Income Tax Act (Canada) (the "Tax Act"). Accordingly, the Fund may retain some net capital gains by utilizing the capital gains refund mechanism available to mutual fund trusts without incurring any income taxes.

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund is not expected to qualify as a "unit trust" under the Tax Act. Accordingly, the Fund (i) is not eligible for the capital gains refund mechanism, (ii) will be deemed to dispose of all of its assets on the twenty-first anniversary of its creation, (iii) may be liable for alternative minimum tax, (iv) may be subject to the "mark-to-market" rules in the Tax Act and (v) may be subject to tax under Part XII.2 of the Tax Act.

Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are disclosed net if there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and liability simultaneously. Where applicable, additional information is disclosed in the Offsetting of Financial Instruments section of the *Notes to Financial Statements – Fund Specific Information*.

Standards Issued But Not Yet Effective

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are not yet effective as of June 30, 2025 and have not been applied in preparing these financial statements.

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Generic Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd)

June 30, 2025 (unaudited)

a) Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments (Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7)

In May 2024, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7. Among other amendments, IASB clarified that a financial liability is derecognized on the 'settlement date' and introduce an accounting policy choice to derecognize financial liabilities settled using an electronic payment system before the settlement date. These amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026, with early adoption permitted.

b) IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

In April 2024, the IASB issued IFRS 18, which replaces IAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements*. It introduces several new requirements that are expected to impact the presentation and disclosure of the financial statements. These include:

- The requirement to classify all income and expense into specified categories and provide specified totals and subtotals in the statement of profit or loss.
- Enhanced guidance on the aggregation, location and labeling of items across the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.
- Required disclosures about management-defined performance measures.

IFRS 18 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027, with early adoption permitted.

The Funds are currently assessing the effect of the above standard and amendments. No other new standards, amendments and interpretations are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Funds.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of financial statements requires management to use judgment in applying its accounting policies and to make estimates and assumptions about the future. The following discusses the most significant accounting judgments and estimates that the Funds have made in preparing the financial statements:

Fair Value Measurement of Derivatives and Securities Not Quoted in an Active Market

The Funds hold financial instruments that are not quoted in active markets, including derivatives. Fair values of such instruments are determined using valuation techniques and may be determined using reputable pricing sources (such as pricing agencies) or indicative prices from market makers. Where no market data is available, the Funds may value investments using valuation models, which are usually based on methods and techniques generally recognized as standard within the industry. The models used to determine fair values are validated and periodically reviewed by experienced personnel of the Manager, independent of the party that created them. Models use observable data, to the extent practicable. However, areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations require the Manager to make estimates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair values of financial instruments. The Funds consider observable data to be market data that is readily available, regularly distributed and updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market. Common shares of unlisted companies may be valued at cost and adjusted based on the last known transaction. Refer to *Note 5: Fair Value Measurement* for further information about the fair value measurement of the Funds' financial instruments.

Classification and Measurement of Investment and Application of the Fair Value Option

In classifying and measuring financial instruments held by the Funds, the Manager is required to make significant judgments in determining the most appropriate classification in accordance with IFRS 9. The Manager has assessed the Funds' business models and concluded that FVTPL, in accordance with IFRS 9, provides the most appropriate classification of the Funds' financial instruments.

Renegotiated Loans

From time to time, contractual terms of ABLs may be modified due to less favourable financial and/or legal conditions of the borrower. Modifications that are considered to be significant, would result in the derecognition of the original ABL and recognition of the restructured ABL at fair value. Modifications that are not considered significant do not require the derecognition of the ABL and the gross carrying of the modified ABL are recalculated based on the present value of the difference between the modified cash flows due to the Fund in accordance with the amended contract and the cash flows the Fund expects to receive.

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Generic Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd)

June 30, 2025 (unaudited)

Assessment as an Investment Entity

Entities that meet the definition of an investment entity within IFRS 10, *Consolidated Financial Statements* ("IFRS 10") are required to measure their subsidiaries at FVTPL rather than consolidate them. The criteria which define an investment entity are as follows:

- an entity that obtains funds from one or more investors for the purpose of providing those investors with investment services;
- an entity that commits to its investors that its business purpose is to invest funds solely for returns from capital appreciation, investment income or both; and
- an entity that measures and evaluates the performance of substantially all its investments on a fair value basis.

The Manager has assessed the characteristics of an investment entity as they apply to the Funds and such assessment requires significant judgements. Based on the assessment, the Manager concluded that the Funds do not meet the definition of an investment entity.

IFRS 10 further requires the preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements when a Fund has control over any of its investments. A Fund has control over its investments if all the following criteria are met:

- existing right that gives the Fund the ability to direct the activities of the investments it holds and particularly, activities that impact the returns of those investments held;
- exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investments; and
- ability to use its power over any of its investments to affect the amount of returns received.

The Funds do not possess influence over the strategies of the investments they hold that may impact returns of those investments. The Funds each hold voting rights in some of the investments alongside other investors, some of whom may be to be related parties of TEC, however, as none of the investors can unilaterally take action regarding an investment, any power over the investments is considered to be shared which thereby precludes the Funds from having control.

The Manager has assessed whether the Funds have control over any of their investments and has determined that they do not and as a result, they are not required to present consolidated financial statements.

Provisions

Due to the nature of provisions, a considerable part of their determination is based on estimates and judgments, including assumptions concerning the likelihood of future events occurring. The actual outcome of these uncertain events may be materially different from the initial provision in the Fund's financial statements. Management exercises judgment to determine whether indicators of loan or receivables impairment exist, and if so, management must estimate the timing and amount of future cash flows from loans and receivables.

5. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Funds use a three-tier hierarchy as a framework for disclosing fair value based on inputs used to value the Funds' investments. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities that the Funds have the ability to access at the measurement date;
- Level 2: Quoted prices which are not active, or inputs that are observable (either directly or indirectly) for substantially the full term of the asset or liability; and
- Level 3: Prices, inputs or complex modeling techniques that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (supported by little or no market activity).

The hierarchy of investments and derivatives for each Fund is included in the *Notes to Financial Statements – Fund Specific Information* of each Fund.

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Generic Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd)

June 30, 2025 (unaudited)

All fair value measurements above are recurring. The carrying values of cash, subscriptions receivable, interest receivable, payable for investments purchased, redemptions payable, distributions payable, accrued expenses and each Fund's obligations for Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature. Fair values are classified as Level 1 when the related security or derivative is actively traded and a quoted price is available. If an instrument classified as Level 1 subsequently ceases to be actively traded, it is transferred out of Level 1. In such cases, instruments are reclassified into Level 2, unless the measurement of their fair value requires the use of significant unobservable inputs, in which case it is classified as Level 3. Loans held by the Funds would be classified as Level 3 if they were accounted for at fair value.

The following provides details of the categorization in the fair value hierarchy by asset classes:

Level 1 securities include:

Equity securities and options using quoted market prices (unadjusted).

Level 2 securities include:

Equity securities that are not frequently traded in active markets. In such cases, fair value is determined based on observable market data (e.g., transactions for similar securities of the same issuer).

Fixed-income securities valued at evaluated bid prices provided by recognized investment dealers (i.e. third-party pricing vendor based on a variety of factors including broker input, financial information on the issuer and other observable market inputs).

Derivative assets and liabilities such as forward currency contracts and swaps, which are valued based on observable inputs such as the notional amount, forward market rate, contract rates, interest and credit spreads. To the extent that the inputs used are observable and reliable, these derivatives are included in Level 2.

Level 3 securities include:

Investments valued using valuation techniques that are based on unobservable market data. These techniques are determined pursuant to procedures established by the Manager. Quantitative information about unobservable inputs and related sensitivity of the fair value measurement are disclosed in the *Notes to Financial Statements – Fund specific information*.

Additional disclosures relating to transfers between levels and a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances in Level 3 are also disclosed in the *Notes to Financial Statements – Fund specific information*.

For the period ended June 30, 2025 and year ended December 31, 2024, the Funds did not hold Level 2 securities and as a result, there were no material transfers between Level 1 and Level 2.

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Funds are exposed to risks that are associated with their investment strategies, financial instruments and markets in which they invest. The extent of risk within a Fund is largely contingent upon its investment policy and guidelines as stated in its offering documents, and the management of such risks is contingent upon the qualification and diligence of the portfolio manager designated to manage the Fund. The Schedule of Investment Portfolio groups securities by asset type and market segment. Significant risks that are relevant to the Funds are discussed below. Refer to the *Notes to Financial Statements – Fund Specific Information* of each Fund for specific risk disclosures.

Market Risk

Each Fund's investments are subject to market risk, which is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market variables such as equity prices, currency rates and interest rates.

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Generic Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd)

June 30, 2025 (unaudited)

a) Other Price Risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk). The sensitivity analysis disclosed is estimated based on the historical correlation between the return of a Fund as compared to the return of a Fund's benchmark. The analysis assumes that all other variables remain unchanged. The historical correlation may not be representative of future correlation and, accordingly the impact on net assets could be materially different. The investments of a Fund are subject to normal market fluctuations and the risks inherent in the financial markets. The maximum risk resulting from purchased securities held by the Funds is limited to the fair value of these investments. The Funds manage their exposure to market risk through the selection and monitoring of companies within the portfolio of securities, as well as through the diversification of the investment portfolio. Each Fund's portfolio is invested according to the portfolio manager's assessment of the macroeconomic environment, the prospects for various industry sectors, and specific company analyses. As a result, the portfolio manager may accept above-average market volatility if the portfolio continues to be positioned in a manner that is consistent with the portfolio manager's outlook as discussed above.

b) Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk that arises from the change in price of one currency against another. The Funds hold securities that are denominated in currencies other than the Canadian dollar. These securities are converted to the Funds' functional currency in determining fair value, and the fair value is subject to fluctuations relative to the strengthening or weakening of the functional currency. The Funds may enter into foreign exchange contracts for hedging purposes to reduce its foreign currency exposure, or to establish exposure to foreign currencies.

c) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk borne by an interest-bearing financial instrument that is attributed to interest rate fluctuations. Cash does not expose the Funds to significant amounts of interest rate risk. Excess cash amounts and amounts held as collateral for securities sold short may be invested in Government of Canada treasury bills with maturities of less than three months.

On May 16, 2022, Refinitiv Benchmark Services (UK) Limited, the administrator of Canadian Dollar Offered Rate ("CDOR"), announced that the calculation and publication of all tenors of CDOR will permanently cease following a final publication on June 28, 2024.

Prior to the cessation of CDOR on June 28, 2024, the Manager took steps to ensure that all portfolio investments previously referenced to CDOR were transitioned to Canadian Overnight Repo Rate Average ("CORRA"), the successor benchmark. The weightings of portfolio investments referenced to CDOR in the impacted Funds were not significant, and the subsequent replacement of CDOR with CORRA did not result in material changes to the investment risks of these Funds.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss due to the failure of a counterparty to satisfy its obligations.

The Funds may be exposed to credit risk from the counterparties to the derivative instruments used by it. Credit risk associated with these transactions is considered minimal as all counterparties have an approved credit rating equivalent to a Standard & Poor's credit rating of A on their long-term debt. The Funds endeavor to minimize their counterparty credit risk by monitoring the credit exposure with, and the creditworthiness of, counterparties.

The carrying value of ABLs includes consideration of the credit worthiness of the debt issuer. The carrying amount of ABLs represents the maximum credit risk exposure to the Funds related to those investments.

All transactions executed by the Funds in listed securities are settled upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal, as the delivery of those securities sold is made only when the broker has received payment. Payment is made on purchase only when the security is received by the broker. The trade will fail to consummate if either party fails to meet its obligations.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Funds will not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to fulfill their payment obligations. With the exception of the loan payable, where applicable, all of the Funds' financial liabilities are short-term liabilities maturing within 90 days after the year end.

Expected credit losses on ABLs are reassessed at regular intervals during the period. Refer to *Note 3: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies* for further information on the measurement of expected credit losses.

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Generic Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd)

June 30, 2025 (unaudited)

Under the terms of the Trust agreement of each Fund, the Manager has the ability to suspend or defer redemptions in certain circumstances, including the receipt of redemption notices in excess of certain thresholds, or where the Manager determines that conditions exist which render impractical the sale of the assets of the Fund or which impair the ability of the Fund to determine the value of the assets of the Fund.

For Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund, as of September 30, 2022, the investment objective was changed to provide for an orderly liquidation and winding down of the Fund. Since September 30, 2022, no new redemption requests have been accepted.

For Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II, due to the nature of the Fund's investment strategy and portfolio, certain investments may have to be held for a substantial period of time before they can be liquidated to the Fund's greatest advantage or, in some cases, at all. Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II manages its cash flow through a 120-day notice for redemption of units. The Manager may, in its sole discretion, accept a redemption request submitted 30 days prior to a redemption date, provided the Manager has received a concurrent subscription from the Unitholder's discretionary account manager or investment adviser which, at minimum, offsets NAV of the Fund that would be redeemed in connection with the redemption request.

Changes to Subscriptions, Redemptions and Liquidation Payments

Effective June 28, 2024, Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II is temporarily closed to new subscriptions and offsets until liquidity can be improved and it can consistently deploy new capital to take advantage of investment opportunities. Offset transactions involve a redemption by one unitholder and a corresponding subscription by a different unitholder. Transfers between accounts by the same unitholder will continue to be permitted. The Manager continues to monitor and manage the Fund's liquidity in the best interest of the unitholders.

On a quarterly basis, the Manager determines the cash available to pay redemptions based on the liquidity of Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II. As cash accumulates in the Fund, the Manager expects the percentage of the redemption cap to increase up to the 5% quarterly cap as described in the Fund's Offering Memorandum. Redemption amounts in excess of the Fund's redemption cap will not be carried forward and new orders must be submitted for any remaining units. These redemptions will be subject to a new notice period and the same redemption cap.

During the period ended June 30, 2025, the redemption cap for March 31, 2025 and June 30, 2025 was set to 0%. During the period ended June 30, 2024, the redemption payouts for March 29, 2024 redeemers was 0.8% of pending redemptions using the December 29, 2023 NAV and the redemption payout for June 28, 2024 redeemers was 0%. All redemption caps and payouts were reviewed and approved by the Independent Review Committee (the "IRC").

For Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund, all unitholders remaining in the Fund receive distribution of assets in cash on the same schedule pro rata as funds become available through orderly wind-down and liquidation. These liquidation payments will be processed as a cash distribution, which is expected to be treated as a return of capital for tax purposes. By June 30, 2025, the tenth liquidation payment was communicated to be made on or about August 1, 2025 by the Fund and in total, the ten payments would amount to \$28.4 million.

Changes to Distributions

Liquidity generated by Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II will be used to honour ongoing commitments to portfolio companies, satisfy the Fund's redemption provisions and meet operational requirements. Effective May 31, 2024, until further notice, all distributions paid to unitholders of the Fund are reinvested automatically in additional units of the Fund. The last cash distribution paid was April 30, 2024. In accordance with the Trust agreement, the Manager believes this is in the best interest of the Fund and its unitholders and this decision was reviewed and approved by the IRC. The decision to reinstate cash distributions will be made depending on the ongoing liquidity profile and terms of the Fund which is being closely monitored by the Manager on a continuous basis.

Concentration Risk

Concentration risk arises as a result of the concentration of financial instrument exposures within the same category, whether it is geographic region, asset type or industry sector.

Geopolitical Risks

The Funds' value of investments may fluctuate due to changes in economic, political and market conditions, interest rates, public health emergencies, geopolitical risks and conflicts, natural or environmental disasters, and company specific news related to securities held within the Funds. These factors may disrupt supply chains, impact certain sectors, and affect international financial markets and issuers in which the Funds invest. Growing conflicts among certain countries may continue to heighten financial market uncertainty and volatility, adversely affecting economic markets, including the value and liquidity of securities from those countries. The Manager has and will continually assess the performance of the portfolio and make investment decisions that are aligned with each of the Fund's mandate and the best interests of its unitholders.

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Generic Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd)

June 30, 2025 (unaudited)

7. LOAN PAYABLE

On April 20, 2023, Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II entered into a revolving credit facility (the "Loan Agreement") with a Schedule 1 Canadian Bank for up to \$50.0 million which was set to mature on April 20, 2025. The Fund may request an extension of the final maturity date by one additional year, subject to lender approval and certain conditions outlined in the Loan Agreement. The Fund requested and was granted an extension to July 20, 2025.

As at June 30, 2025, the debt outstanding under the Loan Agreement amounted to \$15.9 million, which is recorded at fair value. The applicable interest rate is based on the Term CORRA plus 2.75% per annum, with interest payable monthly. The credit facility is used to facilitate revolver commitments for existing borrowers and expense payments of the Fund.

As at June 30, 2025, the Fund was in compliance with the covenants of the Loan Agreement.

8. REDEEMABLE UNITS

Each Fund is authorized to issue an unlimited number of classes of units and an unlimited number of units in each class. Class A units, Class A1 units, Class B units and Class D units are issued to qualified purchasers (other than Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II whose Class A units are only issued to unitholders who held that fund prior to its merger with Sprott Private Credit Trust). Class D units will be issued to qualified purchasers and will receive monthly distributions. Class E units will be issued to qualified purchasers who are directors, officers and employees of the Manager, the sub-advisors and their respective affiliates and associates. Class F units, Class F1 units and Class FD units are issued to (i) purchasers who participate in fee-based programs through eligible registered dealers; (ii) qualified purchasers in respect of whom the Fund does not incur distribution costs; and (iii) qualified individual purchasers at the discretion of the Manager (other than Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II whose Class F units are only available to those unitholders who held that fund prior to its merger with Sprott Private Credit Trust). Class FT units have the same features as Class F units other than its distribution policy which is the same as that of Class T units. Class I units are issued to institutional investors at the discretion of the Manager. Class I1 units are issued to institutional investors at the discretion of the Manager for Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II to qualified individual purchasers or discretionary accounts of an advisor holding, in aggregate, \$50,000,000 or more in the Fund. Class T units for Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II are issued to qualified purchasers and are designated to provide cash flows to investors by making targeted monthly distributions of cash of approximately 6% per annum. Units of the Funds are redeemable at their Net Assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit for the applicable class.

The Funds have multiple classes of redeemable units that do not have identical features and therefore, do not qualify as equity under IAS 32, *Financial Instruments: Presentation* ("IAS 32").

Capital Management

The capital of each Fund is represented by the issued and outstanding units and the net asset value attributable to participating unitholders. The Manager utilizes the capital of the Funds in accordance with the Funds' investment objectives, strategies and restrictions, as outlined in each Fund's offering memorandum, while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet normal redemptions. The Funds do not have any externally imposed capital requirements.

Fund Restructuring

The Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II was established on October 1, 2022. Unitholders of Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund were given the option to exchange their units for units of Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II or remain in Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund, which would undertake an orderly liquidation and subsequent termination. For Unitholders participating in Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II, all classes of units of Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund were converted into corresponding classes of units of Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II and the assets of Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund attributable to such units were transferred to Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II. The Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II operates with the same investment strategy, objectives and other terms as Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund prior to the restructuring, but with certain changes to liquidity and redemption features that are consistent with current industry practices and better aligned with investors who can bear the higher risks associated with illiquid private credit investments. As Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund receives cash, it began paying out to all Liquidating Unitholders pro rata in quarterly increments, beginning on December 31, 2022.

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Generic Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd)

June 30, 2025 (unaudited)

9. DISTRIBUTION OF INCOME AND CAPITAL GAINS

Net investment income and net realized capital gains are distributed to unitholders annually at the end of the calendar year by the Funds. Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II also makes monthly distributions. Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund made monthly distributions until August 31, 2022. For Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II, prior to May 2024, all distributions paid to unitholders were reinvested automatically in additional units of the Fund, unless an investor elected to receive cash for classes that offer cash distributions. Effective May 31, 2024, all distributions paid to unitholders of Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II are reinvested automatically in additional units of the Fund until further notice. The last cash distribution paid was April 30, 2024.

10. RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash, investments and broker margin include balances with prime brokers held as collateral for securities sold short and other derivatives. This collateral is not available for general use by the Funds. The value of any restricted cash and investments held for each of the Funds is disclosed in the *Notes to Financial Statements – Fund Specific Information*.

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Management Fees

The Funds pay the Manager a monthly management fee, calculated and paid monthly. Management fees are unique to each Fund and each class and are subject to applicable taxes. To the extent that an underlying fund is a Ninepoint Partners managed fund and pays a management fee to the Manager, the Funds do not duplicate management fees with respect to the investment in the underlying Ninepoint Partners Funds. For Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund, management fees was reduced by 15 basis points on April 1, 2023 and further reduced by another 15 basis points on October 1, 2023.

Performance Fees

For *Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund*: The Manager is entitled to receive from the Fund a quarterly performance fee plus applicable HST attributable to Class A1 Units, Class D Units, Class F1 Units, Class FT Units, Class T Units, Class FD Units, Class I1 Units and Class I Units. Each such class of units is charged a performance fee plus applicable HST. If the return in the NAV per unit of the particular class of units (before calculation and accrual for the performance fee and after making necessary adjustments to account for distributions made by the Fund) from the beginning of the quarter (or inception date of the class of units) to the end of the quarter exceeds 2% (the "Hurdle Rate") (or prorated for partial quarters) and such return is between 2% and 2.5% on a quarterly basis, then any amount in excess of the Hurdle Rate shall be payable to the Manager as a Performance Fee, plus any applicable HST annualized. If the return in the NAV per unit of the particular class of units (before calculation and accrual for the performance fee and after making necessary adjustments to account for distributions made by the Fund) from the beginning of the quarter to the end of the quarter exceeds the Hurdle Rate of 2% and is 2.5% or more on a quarterly basis, then 20% of such return shall be payable to the Manager as performance fee, plus applicable HST. As of the restructuring of the Fund on September 30, 2022, there will be no change in hurdles or free structure, and the performance fee will be calculated in line with the NAV cycle, crystallized (paid to the Manager) only when units are being redeemed. The portion of accrued fee paid to the Manager is based on the number of units being redeemed and there will be no hurdle or NAV reset as there is no crystallization until an investor is redeemed out of the Fund.

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Generic Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd)

June 30, 2025 (unaudited)

For *Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II*, the Manager is entitled to receive from the Fund a quarterly performance fee attributable to Class A units, Class A1 units, Class D units, Class E units, Class F units, Class F1 units, Class FT units, Class T units, Class FD units, Class I1 units and Class I units. Each class of units is charged a performance fee plus any applicable HST. If the return in the NAV per unit of the particular class of units (before calculation and accrual for the performance fee and after making necessary adjustments to account for distributions made by the Fund) from the beginning of the quarter (or inception date of the class of units) to the end of the quarter exceeds 2% (the "Hurdle Rate") (or prorated for partial quarters) and such return is between 2% and 2.5% on a quarterly basis, then any amount in excess of the Hurdle Rate shall be payable to the Manager as a performance fee, plus applicable HST, other than with respect to the Class E units where 60% of such amount in excess of the Hurdle Rate shall be payable to the Manager as a performance fee, plus applicable HST. If the return in the NAV per unit of the particular class of units (before calculation and accrual for the performance fee and after making necessary adjustments to account for distributions made by the Fund) in the particular quarter exceeds the Hurdle Rate and is 2.5% or more on a quarterly basis, then 20% of such return shall be payable to the Manager as a performance fee, plus applicable HST, other than with respect to the Class E Units where 12% of such return shall be payable to the Manager as a performance fee, plus applicable HST. If the performance of a particular class of Units in any quarter is positive but less than the Hurdle Rate, then no performance fee will be payable in that quarter for that class of units, however, the difference between such return of the Fund and the Hurdle Rate is not carried forward. If the performance of a particular class of units in any quarter is negative, such negative return will be added to the subsequent quarter's Hurdle Rate when calculating the performance fee for that class of units. The performance fee in respect of each class of units will be accrued monthly (such that the NAV per unit reflects such accrual) and will be payable quarterly.

Sub-Advisory Arrangement

The sub-advisory agreement between the Manager and TEC outlines the terms of the arrangement such as the roles and responsibilities of each party, fee structure, and termination procedures. All advisory fees and incentive fees are invoiced to and paid directly by the Manager to TEC. TEC informs and provides supporting documents of all new and significant changes to the portfolio to the Manager. The Manager performs its own due diligence procedures and has the ability to refuse portfolio changes recommended by the subadvisor.

12. OPERATING EXPENSES AND SALES CHARGES

Each Fund pays its own operating expenses, other than marketing costs and costs of dealer compensation programs, which are paid by the Manager. Operating expenses include, but are not limited to, audit, legal, safekeeping, trustee, custodial, fund administration expenses, preparation costs of financial statements and other reports to investors and Independent Review Committee ("IRC") member fees and expenses.

Operating expenses are charged to all Funds pro-rata, on the basis of net assets or another measure that provides a fair and reasonable allocation.

At its sole discretion, the Manager may waive or absorb a portion of the operating expenses of certain Funds. Amounts waived or absorbed by the Manager are reported in the Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss). Waivers or absorptions can be terminated at any time without notice.

13. INDEPENDENT REVIEW COMMITTEE

The Funds have applied National Instrument 81-107, *Independent Review Committee for Investment Funds*, and the Manager has established an IRC for the Funds. The mandate of the IRC is to consider and provide recommendations to the Manager on conflicts of interest to which the Manager is subject when managing the Funds. Each Fund subject to IRC oversight pays its pro rata share of the IRC member fees, costs and other fees in connection with operation of the IRC. The IRC reports annually to the unitholders of the Funds.

14. SHARING ARRANGEMENTS

In addition to paying for the cost of brokerage services in respect of securities transactions, commissions paid to certain brokers may also cover research services provided to the portfolio manager. Sharing arrangements for each Fund are disclosed in the *Notes to Financial Statements – Fund Specific Information*, if applicable.

15. FILING EXEMPTION

In reliance upon the exemption in Section 2.11 of NI 81-106, the financial statements of the Funds will not be filed with the securities regulatory authorities.

Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II

Generic Notes to Financial Statements (cont'd)

June 30, 2025 (unaudited)

16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Redemption Payout & Liquidation Payment

For Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund II, the Manager expects to set the redemption cap as of September 30, 2025 for the Fund to 0.4% of the June 30, 2025 NAV which has been approved by the IRC.

For Ninepoint-TEC Private Credit Fund, the eleventh liquidation payment will be made by the Fund on or about November 1, 2025 and in total, the eleven payments will amount to approximately \$28.9 million. This liquidation payment will be processed as a cash distribution, which is expected to be treated as a return of capital for tax purposes.

Loan Renewal

Subsequent to June 30, 2025, the Loan Agreement was extended to August 20, 2026 and the interest rate is based on the Term CORRA plus 3.00% per annum, with interest payable monthly. Other terms of the Loan Agreement have remained relatively similar with certain additional terms and covenants as reflected in the Loan Agreement.

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